

DAILY NATIONAL WHIG, WASHINGTON, D. C.

Published every day at 2 o'clock in the afternoon by
CHARLES W. FENTON.

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To THE LATEST MOMENT,

BY THE ELECTRIC WIRES.

DEPARTCH NO. 4.

GEORGE TOWN MARKET.—November 13.

Flour continues to sell at \$5 per barrel.

Grain—Nothing new to report. Wheat continues to meet with ready sale at 115 to 125c, according to quality.

No old Corn offering. New from wagon continue to come in small lots, which is taken at 50c per bushel.

Oats dull. Sales this morning from vessels at 50c.

DEPARTCH NO. 2.

RICHMOND, Nov. 13, 10 a. m.

The New Orleans Bulletin says that the Whigs have carried both houses of the Legislature of Louisiana.

Tribute's majority is over 600.

The news from Mississippi is gratifying.

Tompson, Whig, is elected to Congress over Roberts, d., from the Vicksburg district.

Jackson, Whig, is defeated in the Holly Springs district.

De Soto county has elected two Whigs and one Democrat to the Legislature.

Pontotoc sends all Democrats.

DEPARTCH NO. III.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13, 2 p. m.

Howard Street Flour \$5 51 1-4, and small sales, City Mills do.

Prime White Wheat; small sales at 124 to 127 cts.

Prime Yellow Wheat, do., 55 to 58 cts.

Oats do., 33 to 41 cts.

Sellers of Whiskey in bbls. at 29 cents, but no buyers.

No other change in the ordinary articles of commerce.

DEPARTCH NO. IV.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 13, 2 p. m.

The jury in the case of Birch not being able to agree have been discharged. They stood eight for conviction and four for acquittal.

DEPARTCH NO. V.

LEXINGTON, Nov. 13, 2 p. m.

There is no change in prices for the better for the last few days. The markets are dull and declining.

DEPARTCH NO. 6.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13, 2 p. m.

Very little doing to-day. The market is heavy, and looking down. We have similar news from New York up to this hour.

"Will the Baltimore Sun have the impudence and hardihood to assert that the above Telegraphic Despatches were stolen from its columns?

Glades Butter.

RECEIVED 100 lbs of fine Glades Butter. For sale by
Nov 10—
SIMMS & SON.

\$200 REWARD.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber on Sunday, Oct. 11th, a negro man, Tom, who calls himself "TOE LITTLE." Tom is about 28 years of age, very tall and thin, with a very pale complexion, and has a slight incisure, a little bow-legged; he is rather stupid looking, but when spoken to he invariably smiles, showing five white teeth. He was last seen in the city of Washington, when he left, a blue striped round jacket and took with him two pairs of pants, one of striped satinette, and one of coarse negligee, with one pair of white stockings and a dark red cap, and a dark blue coat, with for around it.

I am authorized to offer the sum of \$100 if this negro is taken in the District or Maryland, and delivered to me in Washington city, or secured in jail, so that I can get him, or \$200 if taken in any free State, and secured as a slave.

A. H. HOFFAR, Agent for C. Sonnenreich.
Residence on 412 street, a few doors above Pa. av.
Nov 11—
(Nat'l Intelligencer)

PROSPECTUS

FOR THE TIMES.

A newspaper, edited by Drury Green, and published at the City of Washington.

Political abolition existed at the adoption of the Federal Constitution. Two anti-slavery men of that day saw in the question a means of saving the Union, and saving the country. It was to them a political control of the whole country. It is now demonstrable that the ordinances of '82 and the Missouri Compromise were but the first steps in the progress of the country. For popularity of G. Washington, the folly of the Elder Adams, the election of Mr. Jefferson, and the organization of parties in reference to the slaves, imposed upon the people of the South, and were never lost in their effort to array the North against the South.

To trace the progress of these intrigues and to narrate the designs of the South, and the machinations of the North, Virginia mystified by the affair of Southampton, and betrayed by interested political contrivances, gravely delayed the progress of the Anti-slavery cause. The South, in the House of Delegates, one or two votes only; Gen. Jackson was then in power; Mr. Van Buren was his candidate for success; Mr. Fillmore, then the party leader of the Free Soil party; Mr. Van Buren's efforts to determine the effect they made to unite the South in defense of their property and political equality, as a false claim intended to array the South against the North, were all in vain.

The Richmond Enquirer, added as it was by the confidence which the people of the South, in their report in Gen. Jackson's speech, that he would make no more than a nominal opposition to the annexation of Texas, that he would not oppose the South those who denounced the abolition movement were alarms.

The virulent editor of that paper, brought to Washington as the most venomous organ of an administration professing to be southern in its feelings and principles, could not see in the progress of abolition—noting in the cause of the Representatives—any thing but a political entity among and extensively circulated—noting in the Whiteman press or its adoption by the cause of Representative, that the South had the legal right to the non-slaveholding States, pleasing the people of those States to support, which, in its own words, shortly arose or until the South, in the course of time, the people of the South, the South, adopted resolutions declaring that they would in no event support any candidate for the Presidency who approved of the Whiteman press, that Mr. Fillmore would not oppose the South, and that he would not oppose the Whiteman line; and how it is manifested that, measure, so derogatory to the rights and interests, and character of the South, as to the South, and the South, and the South, and the South, of a party Presidential candidate, that all who reflect must see, to preserve their property, and maintain their political equality, must be accomodated without the aid of any such paper, published at the seat of Government, and confirming the confidence of the south as a medium of influence.

The undersigned has been for many years an editor. His opinions and political principles are well known. He has been a slaveholder, and a slaveholder of the South, and a slaveholder of the South, such as no other person connected with the press can offer. He has devoted two energies of his best days, and, as he was the partisan of the South, or of the peculiar institutions of that section; but because he desired to strengthen and perpetuate the Union, and good government, he has, in his paper, the *Anti-Slavery Standard*, to the South those who denounce the abolition movement were alarms.

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THE THIRTIETH CONGRESS.

In answer to numerous applications for information, as to the post offices of the members of the Thirtieth Congress, we publish the following table of particulars, so far as we are advised. The blanks will be filled up as fast as we can ascertain the names of the post offices not now known. We call upon our friends to add us in this labor.

We have also left a column for the residences of the members in Washington, which will be completed daily on their arrival in town. It will be corrected daily, so as to keep up with the changes of residence which members may make. This column will be of great value to strangers and citizens who may have business with members. Hotels and boarding-houses will do us a favor by advising us of the names of such members as may take lodgings with them, giving the exact location of their houses.

Our contemporaries will oblige us by correcting any errors they may find in this list, and apprise us thereof. Those papers in the vicinity of the new members with whom we exchange, can serve us by publishing the names of their home post offices, and drawing our attention to the information by marking around the paragraph:

THE THIRTIETH CONGRESS.

(Wings in Italics—Natives in Small Capitals—Democrats in Roman.)

ARTHUR P. BAGBY,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

AMBROSE H. SEVERIN,
Tucker,
Chestnut,
Asterley.

JOHN N. MILES,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

JOHN M. CLINTON,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

WALTER T. COULPT,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

JOHN C. CRITTENDEN,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

JOHN R. HARRIS,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

JOHN D. WELCH,
Tucker,
VACANCY.

JOHN A. PEACE,
Tucker,
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JOHN E. COOPER,
Tucker,
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JOHN J. JACKSON,
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Tucker,
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JOHN C. COOPER,